Introduced by Assembly Member Villines

February 1, 2010

An act to amend Section 1765.1 of the Insurance Code, relating to insurance.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1708, as introduced, Villines. Insurance: surplus line brokers. Existing law limits the ability of a surplus line broker to place any coverage with a nonadmitted insurer, as specified. In order for a nonadmitted insurer to qualify for coverage it must demonstrate financial stability, as defined.

Existing law defines financial stability to include, but not be limited to, having a total of capital and surplus of at least \$15,000,000 with the type of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus being at least \$15,000,000 in the form of cash, securities of a specified character, or in readily marketable securities, as defined.

This bill would instead require the total capital and surplus requirement be at least \$45,000,000 and the amount of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus that consist of cash and those other specified types of securities to be at least \$25,000,000.

Existing law also defines financial stability, in the case of an Insurance Exchange created and authorized under the laws of individual states, as maintaining capital and surplus of not less than \$50,000,000 in the aggregate, with the type of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus being at least \$15,000,000 in the form of cash, securities of a specified character, or in readily marketable securities. In the case of an Insurance Exchange that maintains funds for the protection of all

-2-**AB 1708**

Insurance Exchange policyholders, each individual syndicate seeking to accept surplus line placements of risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state are required to maintain minimum capital and surplus of not less than \$6,400,000. Each individual syndicate is required to increase the capital and surplus required by \$1,000,000 each year until it attains a capital and surplus of \$15,000,000. In the case of Insurance Exchanges that do not maintain funds for the protection of all Insurance Exchange policyholders, each individual syndicate seeking to accept surplus line placement of risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state are required to meet the specified capital and surplus requirements applicable to nonadmitted insurers of at least \$15,000,000 with the type of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus being at least \$15,000,000 of that in the form of cash, securities of a specified character, or in readily marketable securities.

This bill would instead require the amount of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus to be at least \$25,000,000 in the form of cash, securities of a specified character, or in readily marketable securities. The bill would delete the minimum capital and surplus requirement formula for an individual syndicate with regard to an Insurance Exchange that maintains funds for the protection of all Insurance Exchange policyholders, and would instead require each syndicate to maintain capital and surplus of not less than \$45,000,000. The bill would also delete the capital and surplus requirements regarding each syndicate of Insurance Exchanges that do not maintain funds for the protection of all Insurance Exchange policyholders.

The bill would make conforming changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 1765.1 of the Insurance Code is amended 2 to read:
- 3 1765.1. No surplus line broker shall place any coverage with
- 4 a nonadmitted insurer unless the insurer is domiciled in the
- 5 Republic of Mexico and the placement covers only liability arising
- out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle,
- aircraft, or boat in the Republic of Mexico, or, at the time of
- placement, the nonadmitted insurer meets the following
- requirements:

-3- AB 1708

(a) (1) Has established its financial stability, reputation, and integrity, for the class of insurance the broker proposes to place, by satisfactory evidence submitted to the commissioner through a surplus line broker.

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- (2) Meets one of the following requirements with respect to its financial stability:
- (A) Has capital and surplus that together total at least-fifteen forty-five million dollars (\$15,000,000) (\$45,000,000). "Capital" shall be as defined in Section 36. "Surplus" shall be defined as assets exceeding the sum of liabilities for losses reported, expenses, taxes, and all other indebtedness and reinsurance of outstanding risks as provided by law and paid-in capital in the case of an insurer issuing or having outstanding shares of capital stock. The type of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus shall be as follows: at least-fifteen twenty-five million dollars (\$15,000,000) (\$25,000,000) shall be in the form of cash, or securities of the same character and quality as specified in Sections 1170 to 1182, inclusive, or in readily marketable securities listed on regulated United States' national or principal regional securities exchanges. The remaining assets shall be in the form just described, or in the form of investments of substantially the same character and quality as described in Sections 1190 to 1202, inclusive. In calculating capital and surplus under this section, the term "same character and quality" shall permit, but not require, the commissioner to approve assets maintained in accordance with the laws of another state or country. The commissioner shall be guided by any limitations, restrictions, or other requirements of this code or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual in determining whether assets substantially similar to those described in Sections 1190 to 1202, inclusive, qualify. The commissioner shall retain the discretion to disapprove or disallow any asset that is not of a sound quality, or that he or she deems to create an unacceptable risk of loss to the insurer or to policyholders. Letters of credit will not qualify as assets in the calculation of surplus. If the capital and surplus together total less than—fifteen forty-five million dollars (\$15,000,000) (\$45,000,000), the commissioner has shall have affirmatively found that the capital and surplus is adequate to protect California policyholders. The commissioner shall consider, on determining whether to make this finding, factors such as quality

AB 1708 —4—

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of management, the capital and surplus of any parent company, the underwriting profit and investment income trends, and the record of claims payment and claims handling practices of the nonadmitted insurer.

(B) In the case of an "Insurance Exchange" created and authorized under the laws of individual states, maintains capital and surplus of not less than fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) in the aggregate. "Capital" shall be as defined in Section 36. "Surplus" shall be defined as assets exceeding the sum of liabilities for losses reported, expenses, taxes, and all other indebtedness and reinsurance of outstanding risks as provided by law and paid-in capital in the case of an insurer issuing or having outstanding shares of capital stock. The type of assets to be used in calculating capital and surplus shall be as follows: at least fifteen twenty-five million dollars (\$15,000,000) (\$25,000,000) shall be in the form of cash, or securities of the same character and quality as specified in Sections 1170 to 1182, inclusive, or in readily marketable securities listed on regulated United States' national or principal regional securities exchanges. The remaining assets shall be in the form just described, or in the form of investments of substantially the same character and quality as described in Sections 1190 to 1202, inclusive. In calculating capital and surplus under this section, the term "same character and quality" shall permit, but not require, the commissioner to approve assets maintained in accordance with the laws of another state or country. The commissioner shall be guided by any limitations, restrictions, or other requirements of this code or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual in determining whether assets substantially similar to those described in Sections 1190 to 1202, inclusive, qualify. The commissioner shall retain the discretion to disapprove or disallow any asset that is not of a sound quality, or that he or she deems to create an unacceptable risk of loss to the insurer or to policyholders. Letters of credit shall not qualify as assets in the calculation of surplus. In the case of an Insurance Exchange which maintains funds for the protection of all Insurance Exchange policyholders, each Each individual syndicate seeking to accept surplus line placements of risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state shall maintain minimum capital and surplus of not less than six million four hundred thousand dollars (\$6,400,000). Each individual syndicate _5_ AB 1708

shall increase the capital and surplus required by this paragraph by one million dollars (\$1,000,000) each year until it attains a capital and surplus of fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000). In the case of Insurance Exchanges that do not maintain funds for the protection of all Insurance Exchange policyholders, each individual syndicate seeking to accept surplus line placement of risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state shall meet the capital and surplus requirements of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph forty-five million dollars (\$45,000,000).

(C) In the case of a syndicate that is part of a group consisting of incorporated individual insurers, or a combination of both incorporated and unincorporated insurers, that at all times maintains a trust fund of not less than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in a qualified United States financial institution as security to the full amount thereof for the United States surplus line policyholders and beneficiaries of direct policies of the group, including all policyholders and beneficiaries of direct policies of the syndicate, and the full balance in the trust fund is available to satisfy the liabilities of each member of the group of those syndicates, incorporated individual insurers or other unincorporated insurers, without regard to their individual contributions to that trust fund, and the trust complies with the terms of and conditions specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), the syndicate is excepted from the capital and surplus requirements of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2). The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members.

(b) (1) In addition, to be eligible as a surplus line insurer, an insurer not domiciled in one of the United States or its territories shall have in force in the United States an irrevocable trust account in a qualified United States financial institution, for the protection of United States policyholders, of not less than five million four hundred thousand dollars (\$5,400,000) and consisting of cash, securities acceptable to the commissioner which are authorized pursuant to Sections 1170 to 1182, inclusive, readily marketable securities acceptable to the commissioner that are listed on a regulated United States national or principal regional security exchange, or clean and irrevocable letters of credit acceptable to

AB 1708 -6-

the commissioner and issued by a qualified United States financial institution. The trust agreement shall be in a form acceptable to the commissioner. The funds in the trust account may be included in any calculation of capital and surplus, except letters of credit, which shall not be included in any calculation.

- (2) In the case of a syndicate seeking eligibility under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), the syndicate shall, in addition to the requirements of that subparagraph, at a minimum, maintain in the United States a trust account in an amount satisfactory to the commissioner that is not less than the amount required by the domiciliary state of the syndicate's trust. The trust account shall comply with the terms and conditions specified in paragraph (1).
- (3) In the case of a group of incorporated insurers under common administration that maintains a trust fund of not less than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in a qualified United States financial institution for the payment of claims of its United States policyholders, their assigns, or successors in interest and that complies with the terms and conditions of paragraph (1) that has continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at least three years, that is in good standing with its domiciliary regulator, whose individual insurer members maintain standards and a financial condition reasonably comparable to admitted insurers, that submits to this state's authority to examine its books and bears the expense of examination, and that has an aggregate policyholder surplus of ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000), the group is excepted from the capital and surplus requirements of subdivision (a).
- (c) Has caused to be provided to the commissioner the following documents:
- (1) The financial documents as specified below, each showing the insurer's condition as of a date not more than 12 months prior to submission:
- (A) A copy of an annual statement, prepared in the form prescribed by the NAIC. For an alien insurer, in lieu of an annual statement, a licensee may submit a form as set forth by regulation and as prepared by the insurer, and, if listed by the IID, a copy of the complete information as required in the application for listing by the IID.

__7__ AB 1708

(B) A copy of an audited financial report on the insurer's condition that meets the standards of subparagraph (D) for foreign insurers or subparagraph (E) for alien insurers.

(C) If the insurer is an alien:

- (i) A certified copy of the trust agreement referenced in subdivision (b).
- (ii) A verified copy of the most recent quarterly statement or list of the assets in the trust.
- (D) Financial reports filed pursuant to this section by foreign insurers shall conform to the following standards:
 - (i) Financial documents shall be certified.
- (ii) An audited financial report shall constitute a supplement to the insurer's annual statement, as required by the annual statement instructions issued by the NAIC.
- (iii) An audited financial report shall be prepared by an independent certified public accountant or accounting firm in good standing with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in all states where licensed to practice; and be prepared in conformity with statutory accounting practices prescribed, or otherwise permitted, by the insurance regulator of the insurer's domiciliary jurisdiction.
- (iv) An audited financial report shall include information on the insurer's financial position as of the end of the most recent calendar year, and the results of its operations, cashflows, and changes in capital and surplus for the year then ended.
- (v) An audited financial report shall be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the insurer's annual statement filed with its domiciliary jurisdiction, and presenting comparatively the amounts as of December 31 of the most recent calendar year and the amounts as of December 31 of the preceding year.
- (E) Financial reports filed pursuant to this section by alien insurers shall conform to the following standards:
- (i) Except as provided in clause (ii) of subparagraph (C), financial documents should be certified, if certification of a financial document is not available, the document shall be verified.
- (ii) Financial documents should be expressed in United States dollars, but may be expressed in another currency, if the exchange rate for the other currency as of the date of the document is also provided.

AB 1708 — 8 —

(iii) The responses provided pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) on the form submitted in lieu of an annual statement should follow the most recent ISI Guide to Alien Reporting Format, "Standard Definitions of Accounting Items." Responses that do not agree with a standard definition shall be fully explained in the form.

- (iv) An audited financial report shall be prepared by an independent licensed auditor in the insurer's domiciliary jurisdiction or in any state.
- (v) An audited financial report shall be prepared in accord with either (I) Generally Accepted Auditing Standards that prescribe Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, or (II) International Accounting Standards as published and revised from time to time by the International Auditing Guidelines published by the International Auditing Practice Committee of the International Federation of Accountants; and shall include financial statement notes and a summary of significant accounting practices.
- (F) The commissioner may accept, in lieu of a document described above, any certified or verified financial or regulatory document, statement, or report if the commissioner finds that it possesses reliability and financial detail substantially equal to or greater than the document for which it is proposed to be a substitute.
- (G) If one of the financial documents required to be submitted under subparagraphs (A) and (B) is dated within 12 months of submission, but the other document is not so dated, the licensee may use the outdated document if it is accompanied by a supplement. The supplement must meet the same requirements which apply to the supplemented document, and must update the outdated document to a date within the prescribed time period, preferably to the same date as the nonsupplemented document.
- (2) A certified copy of the insurer's license issued by its domiciliary jurisdiction, plus a certification of good standing, certificate of compliance, or other equivalent certificate, from either that jurisdiction or, if the jurisdiction does not issue those certificates, from any state where it is licensed.
- (3) Information on the insurer's agent in California for service of process, including the agent's full name and address. The agent's address must include a street address where the agent can be reached during normal business hours.

-9- AB 1708

(4) The complete street address, mailing address, and telephone number of the insurer's principal place of business.

- (5) A certified or verified explanation, report, or other statement, from the insurance regulatory office or official of the insurer's domiciliary jurisdiction, concerning the insurer's record regarding market conduct and consumer complaints; or, if that information cannot be obtained from that jurisdiction, then any other information that the licensee can procure to demonstrate a good reputation for payment of claims and treatment of policyholders.
- (6) A verified statement, from the insurer or licensee, on whether the insurer or any affiliated entity is currently known to be the subject of any order or proceeding regarding conservation, liquidation, or other receivership; or regarding revocation or suspension of a license to transact insurance in any jurisdiction; or otherwise seeking to stop the insurer from transacting insurance in any jurisdiction. The statement shall identify the proceeding by date, jurisdiction, and relief or sanction sought; and shall attach a copy of the relevant order.
- (7) A certified copy of the most recent report of examination or an explanation if the report is not available.
- (8) A list of all California surplus line brokers authorized by the insurer to issue policies on its behalf, and any additions to or deletions from that list.
- provided any additional information (d) (1) Has documentation required by the commissioner that is relevant to the financial stability, reputation, and integrity of the nonadmitted insurer. In making a determination concerning financial stability, reputation, and integrity of the nonadmitted insurer, the commissioner shall consider any analyses, findings, or conclusions made by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) in its review of the insurer for purposes of inclusion on or exclusion from the list of authorized nonadmitted insurers maintained by the NAIC. The commissioner may, but shall not be required to, rely on, adopt, or otherwise accept any analyses, findings, or conclusions of the NAIC, as the commissioner deems appropriate. In the case of a syndicate seeking eligibility under subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), the commissioner may, but shall not be required to, rely on, adopt, or otherwise accept any analyses, findings, or conclusions of any state, as the commissioner deems appropriate, as long as that state,

AB 1708 — 10 —

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in its method of regulation and review, meets the requirements of paragraph (2).

- (2) The regulatory body of the state shall regularly receive and review the following: (A) an audited financial statement of the syndicate, prepared by a certified or chartered public accountant; (B) an opinion of a qualified actuary with regard to the syndicate's aggregate reserves for payment of losses or claims and payment of expenses of adjustment or settlement of losses or claims; (C) a certification from the qualified United States financial institution that acts as the syndicate's trustee, respecting the existence and value of the syndicate's trust fund; and (D) information concerning the syndicate's or its manager's operating history, business plan, ownership and control, experience and ability, together with any other pertinent factors, and any information indicating that the syndicate or its manager make reasonably prompt payment of claims in this state or elsewhere. The regulatory body of the state shall have the authority, either by law or through the operation of a valid and enforceable agreement, to review the syndicate's assets and liabilities and audit the syndicate's trust account, and shall exercise that authority with a frequency and in a manner satisfactory to the commissioner.
 - (e) Has established that:
- (1) All documents required by subdivisions (c) and (d) have been filed. Each of the documents appear after review to be complete, clear, comprehensible, unambiguous, accurate, and consistent.
- (2) The documents affirm that the insurer is not subject in any jurisdiction to an order or proceeding that:
 - (A) Seeks to stop it from transacting insurance.
 - (B) Relates to conservation, liquidation, or other receivership.
 - (C) Relates to revocation or suspension of its license.
- (3) The documents affirm that the insurer has actively transacted insurance for the three years immediately preceding the filing made under this section, unless an exemption is granted. As used in this paragraph, "insurer" does not include a syndicate of underwriting entities. The commissioner may grant an exemption if the licensee has applied for exemption and demonstrates either of the following:
- (A) The insurer meets the condition for any exception set forth in subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 716.

-11- AB 1708

(B) If the insurer has been actively transacting insurance for at least 12 months, and the licensee demonstrates that the exemption is warranted because the insurer's current financial strength, operating history, business plan, ownership and control, management experience, and ability, together with any other pertinent factors, make three years of active insurance transaction unnecessary to establish sufficient reputation.

- (4) The documents confirm that the insurer holds a license to issue insurance policies (other than reinsurance) to residents of the jurisdiction that granted the license unless an exemption is granted. The commissioner may grant an exemption if the licensee has applied for an exemption and demonstrates that the exemption is warranted because the insurer proposes to issue in California only commercial coverage, and is wholly owned and actually controlled by substantial and knowledgeable business enterprises that are its policyholders and that effectively govern the insurer's destiny in furtherance of their own business objectives.
- (5) The information filed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) or otherwise filed with or available to the commissioner, including reports received from California policyholders, shall indicate that the insurer makes reasonably prompt payment of claims in this state or elsewhere.
- (6) The information available to the commissioner shall not indicate that the insurer offers in California a licensee products or rates that violate any provision of this code.
- (f) Has been placed on the list of eligible surplus line insurers by the commissioner. The commissioner shall establish a list of all surplus line insurers that have met the requirements of subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, and shall publish a master list at least semiannually. Any insurer receiving approval as an eligible surplus line insurer shall be added by addendum to the list at the time of approval, and shall be incorporated into the master list at the next date of publication. If an insurer appears on the most recent list, it shall be presumed that the insurer is an eligible surplus line insurer, unless the commissioner or his or her designee has mailed or causes to be mailed notice to all surplus line brokers that the commissioner has withdrawn the insurer's eligibility. Upon receipt of notice, the surplus line broker shall make no further placements with the insurer. Nothing in this subdivision shall limit the commissioner's discretion to withdraw an insurer's eligibility.

AB 1708 — 12 —

(g) (1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), whenever the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe, and determines after a public hearing, that any insurer on the list established pursuant to subdivision (f), (A) is in an unsound financial condition, (B) does not meet the eligibility requirements under subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, (C) has violated the laws of this state, or (D) without justification, or with a frequency so as to indicate a general business practice, delays the payment of just claims, the commissioner may issue an order removing the insurer from the list. Notice of hearing shall be served upon the insurer or its agent for service of process stating the time and place of the hearing and the conduct, condition, or ground upon which the commissioner would make his or her order. The hearing shall occur not less than 20 days, nor more than 30 days after notice is served upon the insurer or its agent for service of process.

- (2) If the commissioner determines that an insurer's immediate removal from the list is necessary to protect the public or an insured or prospective insured of the insurer, or, in the case of an application by an insurer to be placed on the list which is being denied by the commissioner, the commissioner may issue an order pursuant to paragraph (1) without prior notice and hearing. At the time an order is served pursuant to this paragraph to an insurer on the list, the commissioner shall also issue and serve upon the insurer a statement of the reasons that immediate removal is necessary. Any order issued pursuant to this paragraph shall include a notice stating the time and place of a hearing on the order, which shall be not less than 20 days, nor more than 30 days after the notice is served.
- (3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), in any case where the commissioner is basing a decision to remove an insurer from the list, or deny an application to be placed on the list, on the failure of the insurer or applicant to comply with, meet or maintain any of the objective criteria established by this section, or by regulation adopted pursuant to this section, the commissioner may so specify this fact in the order, and no hearing shall be required to be held on the order.
- (4) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the commissioner may, without prior notice or hearing, remove from the list established pursuant to subdivision (f) any insurer that has failed or refused to timely provide documents required by this section,

— 13 — AB 1708

or any regulations adopted to implement this section. In the case of removal pursuant to this paragraph, the commissioner shall notify all surplus line brokers of the action.

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- (h) In addition to any other statements or reports required by this chapter, the commissioner may also address to any licensee a written request for full and complete information respecting the financial stability, reputation and integrity of any nonadmitted insurer with whom the licensee has dealt or proposes to deal in the transaction of insurance business. The licensee so addressed shall promptly furnish in written or printed form so much of the information requested as he or she can produce together with a signed statement identifying the same and giving reasons for omissions, if any. After due examination of the information and accompanying statement, the commissioner may, if he or she believes it to be in the public interest, order the licensee in writing to place no further insurance business on property located or operations conducted within or on the lives of persons who are residents of this state with the nonadmitted insurer on behalf of any person. Any placement in the nonadmitted insurer made by a licensee after receipt of that order is a violation of this chapter. The commissioner may issue an order when documents submitted pursuant to subdivisions (c) and (d) do not meet the criteria of subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, or when the commissioner obtains documents on an insurer and the insurer does not meet the criteria of subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive.
- (i) The commissioner shall require, at least annually, the submission of records and statements as are reasonably necessary to ensure that the requirements of this section are maintained.
- (i) The commissioner shall establish by regulation a schedule of fees to cover costs of administering and enforcing this chapter.
- (k) (1) Insurance may be placed on a limited basis with insurers not on the list established pursuant to this section if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The use of multiple insurers is necessary to obtain coverage for 100 percent of the risk.
- (B) At least 80 percent of the risk is placed with admitted insurers or insurers that appear on the list of eligible nonadmitted insurers.
- (C) The placing surplus line broker submits to the commissioner, 40 or his or her designee, copies of all documentation relied upon by

AB 1708 — 14 —

the surplus line broker to make the broker's determination that the financial stability, reputation, and integrity of the unlisted insurer or insurers, are adequate to safeguard the interest of the insured under the policy. This documentation, and any other documentation regarding the unlisted insurer requested by the commissioner, shall be submitted no more than 30 days after the insurance is placed with the unlisted insurer for the initial placement by that broker with the particular unlisted insurer, and annually thereafter for as long as the broker continues to make placements with the unlisted insurer pursuant to this paragraph.

- (D) The insured has aggregate annual premiums for all risks other than workers' compensation or health coverage totaling no less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (2) Insurance may not be placed pursuant to paragraph (1) if any of the following applies:
- (A) The unlisted insurer has for any reason been objected to by the commissioner pursuant to this section, removed from the list, or denied placement on the list.
- (B) The insurance includes coverage for employer-sponsored medical, surgical, hospital, or other health or medical expense benefits payable to the employee by the insurer.
- (C) The insurance is mandatory under the laws of the federal government, this state, or any political subdivision thereof, and includes any portion of limits of coverage mandated by those laws.
- (D) The insured is a multiple employer welfare arrangement, as defined in Section 1002(40)(A) of Title 29 of the United States Code, or any other arrangement among two or more employers that are not under common ownership or control, which is established or maintained for the primary purpose of providing insurance benefits to the employees of two or more employers.
- (E) Unlisted insurers represent a disproportionate portion of the lower layers of the coverage.
- (3) Nothing in this section is intended to alter any duties of a surplus line broker pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1765 or other laws of this state to safeguard the interests of the insured under the policy in recommending or placing insurance with a nonadmitted insurer.
- (4) Placements authorized by this subdivision are intended to provide sophisticated insurance purchasers with a means to obtain necessary commercial insurance coverage from nonadmitted

-15- AB 1708

insurers not listed by the commissioner in situations where it is not commercially possible to fully obtain that coverage from either admitted or listed insurers. This subdivision shall not be deemed to permit surplus line brokers to place with nonadmitted insurers common commercial or personal line coverages for insureds that can be placed with insurers that are admitted or listed pursuant to this section, whether the insured is an individual insured, or a group created primarily for the purpose of purchasing insurance.

(1) As used in this section:

- (1) "Certified" means an originally signed or sealed statement, dated not more than 60 days before submission, made by a public official or other person, attached to a copy of a document, that attests that the copy is a true copy of the original, and that the original is in the custody of the person making the statement.
- (2) "Domiciliary jurisdiction" means the state, nation, or subdivision thereof under the laws of which an insurer is incorporated or otherwise organized.
- (3) "Domiciliary state of the syndicate's trust" means the state in which the syndicate's trust fund is principally maintained and administered for the benefit of the syndicate's policyholders in the United States.
 - (4) "IID" means the International Insurers Department.
- (5) "Insurer" means (unless the context indicates otherwise) "nonadmitted" insurers that are either "foreign" or "alien" insurers, as those terms are defined in Sections 25, 27, and 1580, and syndicates whose members consist of individual incorporated insurers who are not engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and individual unincorporated insurers, provided all the members are subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator. The term "insurer" includes all nonadmitted insurers selling insurance to or through purchasing groups as defined in the Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901 et seq.) and the California Risk Retention Act of 1990 1991 (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 125) of Part—1 of Division—1), 1), except insurers that are risk retention groups as defined by those acts.
- (6) "ISI" means Insurance Solvency International.
- 39 (7) "Licensee" means a surplus line broker as defined in Section 40 47.

AB 1708 —16—

(8) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or its successor organization.

- (9) "NAIIO" means the Nonadmitted Alien Insurer Information Office of the NAIC or its successor office.
- (10) "State" means any state of the United States; the District of Columbia; a commonwealth, or a territory.
- (11) "Verified" means a document or copy accompanied by an originally signed statement, dated not more than 60 days before submission, from a responsible executive or official who has authority to provide the statement and knowledge whereof he or she speaks, attesting either under oath before a notary public, or under penalty of perjury under California law, that the assertions made in the document are true.
- (m) With respect to a nonadmitted insurer that is listed as an authorized surplus line insurer as of December 31, 1994, pursuant to Sections 2174.1 to 2174.14, inclusive, of Title 10 of the California Code of Regulations, this section shall not be effective until the subsequent expiration of the listing of that insurer. Nothing in the bill that amended this section during the 1994 portion of the 1993–94 Regular Session is intended to repeal or imply there is not authority to adopt, or to have adopted, or to continue in force, any regulation, or part thereof, with respect to surplus line insurance which is not clearly inconsistent with it.